

Duration: 12.02.2014 -30.06.2016.

Total budget: 239 000 Euro

including: Ukraine (PNU) - 159 000 Euro

Turkey (GU) - 80 000 Euro

Gazi University (Turkey)

Vasyl Stefanyk Precarpathian National University (Ukraine)

THERMOELECTRIC MATERIALS AND DEVICES FOR ENERGY SAVING AND SECURITY INCREASE

SPS(NUKR.SFPP 984536)

STRATEGIC AIM OF THE PROJECT is development of reliable, environmentally friendly converters of thermal energy into useful electric one based on new composite materials with nanoinclusions and preparation of complete cycle production "**TE-material – TE-module – TE-generator** (end device for special purpose)"





PROBLEM SOLVING

Ecology

- > Lowering the temperature of exhaust gases, i.e. reducing the contribution to global warming.
- Saving drinking water by reducing its use for traditional energy production.

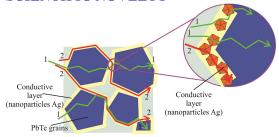
Energy saving

- ➤ Recuperation of thermal energy.
- > Saving fuel for vehicles.
- ➤ Development, promotion and implementation of alternative and renewable energy.

Security

- ➤ Military security: fuel savings for heavy military equipment; life security of militaries (medicine); alternative sources of power.
- ➤ Reducing risks of technological accidents in power stations.

SCIENTIFIC NOVELTY



The technology of forming electrical conductivity nanochannels around micrograins of TE-material is developed. Decrease of phonon scattering and increase of the Seebeck coefficient are ensured for obtaining efficient composite TE-material by selecting the size of nanoparticles (~50 nm).

KEY BENEFITS:

- > cheap technology;
- > availability of free heat source for TE;
- reliability, durability, accuracy.







PROSPECTS FOR IMPLEMENTATION AND CONTACTS



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http://sps-nato.pu.if.ua/

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